## 1966

## SOYBEANS

## Soybean Varieties

It is important for a grower to choose a variety that will mature every year in his locality. Varieties are listed below according to the number of heat units required to mature them — the earliest variety requires the fewest heat units.

Select a variety by determining the number of heat units available in your area from the map on page six, then choosing a variety from the list below that requires the same number or fewer heat units than are available in your area.

When you intend to sow fall wheat following a soybean crop, choose a variety that requires 300 heat units less than those available in your area.

- **CREST** Earlier than Merit. Recommended for solid seedings in locations with 2,500- to 2,700-heat-unit ratings. Tall variety for its maturity. Purple flower. Yellow bean with yellow hilum.
- **MERIT** 2,600-heat-unit rating. Good lodging resistance, pods low, white flowers and gray pubescence. Seedcoat, hilum buff in color.
- **HARDOME** 2,700-heat-unit rating. Gray pubescence, purple flowers, yellow seeds with gray hilum.
- **CHIPPEWA** 2,800-heat-unit rating. High yield and high oil with good resistance to lodging and good seed quality. Brown pubescence, purple flowers, yellow seed with black hilum.
- **CHIPPEWA 64 -** 2,800-heat-unit rating. Has resistance to phytophthora root and stalk rot. Other features same as Chippewa. Seed supply short for 1966.
- **HAROSOY 63 -** 3,100-heat-unit rating. High yield, gray pubescence, purple flowers, yellow seeds with yellow hilum. Resistant to phytophthora root and stalk rot.
- **HARMAN** 3,200-heat-unit rating. Brown pubescence, purple flowers, yellow seeds with black hilum.
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